Levenshulme High School – Curriculum Map – French/German/Spanish

		Ter	m 1	Ter	m 2	Ter	m 3
	No. of Weeks	7	8	6	5	6	7
	Topic Title and NC link Pupils should	Set up and Basics G4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC5 A range of greetings	School GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8 A range of school subjects	Family GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC7, LC8 A range of family members	House GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8 A range of countries	Free time GV1, GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8 A range of free time activity phrases	Town GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8 Adjectives to describe a city or a
Year 7	know (Core Knowledge & Concepts to be learned)	Phrases for introductions Numbers up to 31 The months Classroom vocabulary	Days of the week Numbers to 100 A range of simple verbs A range of adjectives to describe people and school subjects A range of opinion phrases	How to form questions and answers relating to family Animals Colours Adjectives for personality Adjectives and phrases related to physical descriptions	Accommodation vocabulary Adjectives to describe houses Rooms and furniture A range of verbs to say what they do at home (in the first person – in all people of the verb for HA only) Prepositions of place How to conjugate regular verbs in the present tense (HA only)	including sports) in the present tense Some adverbs of frequency How to ask and say what time it is How to ask and say at what time something happens A range of opinion and a range of infinitive phrases to say what they like/dislike to do Some adjectives to describe free time activities 10 key verbs in the future tense I form How to speak in the future tense in all	Ways to say 'more/less than' (HA only) A range of places in a town Direction words e.g. right/left/straight on How to say 'Do you want to go to' Question words for invitations e.g. when / where / what time Phrases to describe the weather The seasons

					people of the verb (HA only)	
Pupils should be able to do (Skills being developed)	Introduce themselves Count to 31 Talk about birthdays Talk about classroom objects Use definite and indefinite articles Make nouns plural Use a bilingual dictionary Set out their notes appropriately Understand information in short written and spoken texts. Copy words accurately Reproduce short spoken and written sentences	Say what they study on what days Count to 100 Use verbs to say what they do in school Describe teachers Give and justify opinions about school subjects and teachers Understand some grammar rules relating to verbs Use some adjectives correctly, applying grammar rules	Say how many brothers and sisters they have Describe their family (names, ages and characteristics) Say what pets they have Use a wider range of adjectives correctly, applying grammar rules	Say where you live (country, type of house, location of house) Describe your house/flat and bedroom, including where things are Use a wider range of verbs to say what they do at home Know the 10 key verbs in the present tense 'l' form	Say what you do in your free time using present tense verbs Say how often they do these activities Tell the time in detail Give positive and negative opinions about free time activities using infinitive verbs Use 10 key verbs in the first person to say what they are going to do in the past & future tense Say what others are going to do in future using all people of the verb (HA only)	Compare two towns (HA only) Ask for and give directions Invite someone to do something Say what the weather is doing Use the future tense to say what you are going to do this weekend Use some time phrases for present and future

	Why are we doing this now? How does it build on prior learning and prepare for knowledge and learning still to come?	This covers essential parts of speech (nouns, adjectives, verbs, articles), making links to what students will know from primary school in their literacy learning. How to revise vocabulary (e.g. Look, Cover, Write Check / Flashcards / Online resources) is a key skill that will help students on their journey with us.	Topics covered in this half term are something the students are VERY familiar with, being new to school, and reinforces what they know about their own school environment at LHS. Links with previous MFL learning e.g. adjectival agreement allows students to start understanding some of the most fundamental rules of the target language. Media & Internet	Numbers 1-100, using nouns and adjectives correctly are foundation blocks for creating description. They will use these skills all the way through to the end of their study of TL, and this will allow their work to be more accurate. In this half term, we look at different families as part of LGBTQ+ History Month.	Using verbs for description e.g. it is / there is / it has along with colours and opinions builds on half term 3's grammar work, as we look at where they spend much time, out of school. Using simple regular verbs in the present tense will start to prepare them for the idea of the key verbs which we look at in HT6.	10 key verbs in present tense, uses many verbs they have seen this year. The key verbs are an idea we carry through to GCSE, enabling the weakest students to achieve at least a basic level pass. (Grade 4) A look at some simple past tense verbs will start to sow the seeds for Year 8, and allow students to take some real pride in their ability. Justified opinions using 'because' and an adjective allow students to give depth to their work.	This half term sees much consolidation of HT4. The same concepts of description and opinion are applied to the wider but still familiar world of their local town or village.
Year 8	and NC link	tense GV1, GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3,	GV1, GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3,	GV1, GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3,	Future GV1, GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3,	GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8	GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8

		LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8	LC4, LC5, LC6, LC7, LC8	LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8	LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8		
s k ((K 8 C to	Pupils Phould Ph	A range of European and non-European countries A range of accommodations A range of transport A range of activities during the holiday How to recognise key verbs in the perfect and present tenses	A range of TV shows A range of music genres A range of film genres How to explain what they use the internet for How to recognise and make comparison How to recognise and make a superlative How to recognise and apply the possessive pronouns following specific grammar rules How to recognise some past tense expressions	A range of questions about food and ingredients A range of answers about food and ingredients A range of different meals during the day and evening Numbers 100-1000 How to read price in euros with cents A range of weight measure How to order food using the future tense How to form the past tense for the different verb groups	A range of healthy and unhealthy food A range of body parts A range of adverbs of frequency A range of illnesses A range of remedies How to write and say their future plans in term of leading a healthier life	A range of clothing A range of colours The grammatical rules of adjective agreements Imperative verbs Passive voice The names of different shops	A range of festivals and celebrations celebrated in the TL countries comparing to British celebrations and festivals How to describe celebrations of specific festivals (significant meal/music/dance and traditions) How to explain the cultural link between the festival/customs and country
	Pupils should be	Recognise and describe European and	Recognise different genres of	Say and write what they usually eat and drink	Remember healthy and unhealthy food	Say and write what they wear with the colours following the	Explain the main festivals/celebrations

able to	non-European	TV shows, movies			adjective	linked to the TL
do	countries and	and music	Say and write		agreements rule	countries
	their features		what they eat for	Recognise body		
(Skills	(capital cities,	Give opinions and	the different	parts	Use adjectives to	Understand the value
being	population,	understand modal	meals		describe the clothes	of the TL countries
developed)	geography and	verbs and their		How to express		
	their main	grammar	Count up to 1000	their aches and	Say and write where	Compare the TL
	products)			symptoms	to buy products by	celebrations to the
		Explain opinions	Understand the		naming the specific	British's
	VAZ 24	by giving reasons	weight measure	How to provide	shops	
	Write where they			possible		Say and write the
	usually go and do	Differentiate	Understand what	remedies	Use the passive	typical
	during their	Differentiate	the Euro currency	Write and say	voice	meal/music/dance and traditions of the
	holiday	between singular	is and where it is	Write and say the duration of		festivals
		and plural verbs	used			lestivais
	Write and say	Use the correct	Understand how	the symptoms and aches		Explain the reasons
	where they stayed	adjective	to buy and get	and aches		of the
	during the	agreements	change back	Apply		festivals/customs
	holidays	agreements	Change back	grammatical		and celebrations
	Hondays		Order food in the	rules for direct		
		Compare	restaurant with a	object pronoun		
	Write and say how	movie/music and	future set	object promoun		
	and with whom	TV show genres	sentence	Use imperative		
	they went on	Janes Janes		form of key		
	holiday	Give an opinion	What they ate and	verbs		
		using superlative	drank			
	Write and say how			Recognise and		
	long they stayed	Say what		form the future		
		technology they		tense of key		
		use		verbs		
	Learn set					
	sentences to	Say what purpose		Recognise future		
	describe some	they use the		time expressions		
	activities done	technology for				
	during the holiday					
		Use the correct				
	Recognise the	possessive				
	verbs pattern in	adjective to show				
	the past tense	possession		_		

	Give opinions about their holiday Explain their opinions by giving reasons Say time expressions in the present and past tenses	Use a range of key verbs in the present and past tenses under the form I.				
Why are we doing this now? How does it build on prior learning and prepare for knowledge and learning still to come?	We build on the regular past participles seen in Y7 HT6 and break down the structure of Perfect tense / Preterite to allow students to give description of events in two time frames. Staying with our key verbs ensures students continue to build those foundations to allow them to succeed at GCSE	This topic consolidates justified opinions, whilst allowing students to gain a cultural insight into the country(-ies) of the language they are learning. It's a fun topic that opens students eyes to new ideas, sometimes challenging their preconceptions.	Having already considered healthy diets, this lets us go into more detail on food and drink, including reasons why people may not eat certain things. Numbers are consolidated as we look at how to order and buy items, and again, is a great topic that lends itself well to role play.	The use of modal verbs builds on the present tense structures already encountered, whilst future tense reminds the students of what is yet to come. The subject content allows for some real kinaesthetic learning, and is a great topic to role play – sowing the seeds of the speaking assessments students will do at GCSE level.	Students should now be competent at remembering the rules of adjectival agreement when giving descriptions, and can now supplement this with comparatives and superlatives. These two additions to their "grammar bank" will come up again in Year 9 HT3. Clothes will also be revisited in Y10 as part of the school topic in HT1.	The topic content here allows a ran of grammatical concepts to be brought together including opinior reasons, and pass and future tenses under the guise of another really cultural topic, opening students eyes to the world around them — allowing them to compare and contrast their ow celebrations and festivals to those living in other countries.

Year 9	Topic Title and NC link	T1: Me, Family & Friends GV1, GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8	T2: Home Town & Region GV1, GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8	T1: Music TV & Film GV1, GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC7, LC8	T3: Studies GV1, GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8	T1: Food & Shopping GV1, GV2, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC8	Project GV1, GV2, GV3, GV4, LC1, LC2, LC3, LC4, LC5, LC6, LC7, LC8
	Pupils should know (Core Knowledge & Concepts to be learned)	Relationships with family & friends Characteristics Personalities Personal description Daily Routine	Furniture House (outside) Activities Local Town Household chores	Popular Music Film TV Critique Reviews	Subjects with detailed opinions Options School building Facilities	Food groups Eating out Shops Complaining	German: Berlin Spanish: Latino Art French: Franco- phonie
	Pupils should be able to do (Skills being developed)	Use the following language with confidence: Present Tense Possessive adjectives Adjective agreement Reflexive Verbs Comparatives Superlatives Adverbs of frequency Describe their family Talk about different family structures Describe their personal relationships	Use the following language with confidence: Prepositions Modal verb (can) + infinitives Adverbs of frequency Irregular verbs GO and DO Use a variety of connectives to help their work flow Describe their house using a variety of prepositions Give and justify their opinions about their home,	Use the following language with confidence: Present Tense Relevant past Tense with infinitives (eg decided to, chosen to) Relative pronouns Widening variety of sentence starters qualifiers and connectives to produce more coherent, fluid work Use language knowledge	Use the following language with confidence: Present Tense Relevant past Tense with infinitives (eg decided to, chosen to with specific reference to their actual KS4 options which are chosen around this time.) Adjective agreement	Use the following language with confidence: •Relevant past tense with using regular and common irregular verbs Future tense with resolutions for a healthier lifestyle Conditional to talk about what one would do. Revision of food groups Discuss healthy/unhealthy choices of diet Make resolutions for the future with justified opinions	Develop an understanding and appreciation of country-specific culture which may (not) include: Fashion Food Historical events Prominent people Societal norms Produce a creative response to the source material which could include: Drama Art Music

	Justify opinions about others Discuss future, present and past daily routine	town and region Use a variety of tenses to talk about where they have previously lived and where they intend to live in the future Describe and comment on household chores Describe a picture using the simple present tense accurately	and understanding to annotate a set of bullet points for a 90-word piece of work.	Comparatives & Superlatives Modal verb (can) + infinitives Adverbs of frequency Irregular verbs GO and DO Describe and comment on school subjects, justifying their opinions	Talk about shops they like to visit using appropriate tense Engage in dialogues in a restaurant / shop including complaining about problems. Conduct a roleplay using brief TL clues	
Why are we doing this now How do it build of prior learning and prepare knowled and learning still to come?	to revisit some of out Year 7 / 8 topics in much greater detail, appropriate to the rigours of GCSE, allowing students and	Again, we revisit a familiar topic but extend our range of vocabulary associated with this, allowing students to give greater description and understand lengthier pieces of text.	Having already touched on different types of media and saying whether we like them or not, students now have the opportunity for immersion. Watching a film, a full episode of a TV show, listening to a	This once familiar topic now allows students to consider the options they have ahead of them and their route through school, at the time they are having their options talks and interviews for real. The timing of this topic is highly appropriate.	Although students have seen food and drink, this topic is much more conversational, focusing around real life restaurant and shop dialogues, and being able to complain when something isn't right. The nature of this topic engages students who	By using cooperative skills like teamwork and Organisation, students are encouraged to prepare a cultural presentation on this HT's cultural study. Again, with students having chosen their options, this is designed to maintain engagement from those who will cease further study.

		Looking at different types of families encourages the students to accept difference and understand the concepts of tolerance, equality and diversity, seen in Year 7.	The topic of home will re revisited again in Year 11 when we look at social issues and homelessness.	diverse range of songs and reviewing them – using the Eurovision Song Contest as a platform for study whilst sowing seeds of curiosity and looking into the real songs chosen for this year's contest (which takes place in HT5)	This will be revisited again in Year 10 when we look at the workings of school and the idea of rules and problems.	have made their option choices and will not continue in Y10.	The topics are things that teachers are passionate about. They can bring real life and animation to their lessons on these topics and feedback from students who have done these topics already has been positive.
	Topic Title and NC link	T1: My Studies & Life at School	T2: Travel & Tourism	T1: Marriage & Partnership	T1: Social Media & Mobile Tech	T3: Education Post- 16	T2: Healthy Living
Year 10	Pupils should know (Core Knowledge & Concepts to be learned)	School Rules Problems at school Comparing your primary and secondary schools How would you improve your school? School of the future	Destination Activities Problems Childhood Holidays Future / Ideal holidays	Character description Personality traits Reasons to marry Reasons to not marry Alternatives to marriage Equality	Pros & Cons of Social Media How to stay safe online Other uses of mobile technology Advantages / Disadvantages of mobile tech. Comparison to traditional media.	Future study plans Intentions Desirable qualities Jobs, careers, professions	Smoking / Alcohol / Drugs Mental health / stress Physical exercise

Pupils	Use the	Use the	Use the following	Use the	Use the following	Use the
should be	following	following	features of	following	features of	following
able to	features of	features of	language with	features of	language with	features of
do	language with	language with	confidence:	language with	confidence:	language with
	confidence:	confidence:		with confidence:		confidence:
(Skills			Modal verbs -		Past tense	
being	Comparatives	Appropriate	should, could,	Opinions	description	Appropriate
developed)		Past tense	must, may			past tense
	Superlatives	(Perfect,		Justifications	Conditional tense	
		Preterite)	Present tense		l	Partitive articles
	Adjectival			Modal verbs	Use of modal verbs –	(some)
	endings	Past tense	Conditional tense		should, could, would	
	84 . 1 . 1	description	1	Comparatives		Sequencers
	Modal verbs	(imperfect)	Imperfect (when I	O		Conditional
	Futura Tanas	Camuanaana	was younger)	Superlatives		Conditional
	Future Tense	Sequencers Infinitive /				Imperfect
	Conditional	verbal phrases				(previous health habits)
	tense	(before, after				Habits)
	terise	having, whilst,				If clauses with
		since, coming				present and
		from)				future
		,				i di di di
		Weather				Negatives
		Greater				
		complexity				
		Complexity				
		Future Tense				
		i didio i diloc				
		Conditional				
		Tense				
Why are	At the start of Y10,	Students revisit	Marriage and	Year 10 students	The major tenses are	Healthy Living
we doing	students build	content from Year	Partnership	have been made	used in the topic	obviously touches
this now?	their confidence	8 and with the use	allows our	aware of the	which focuses on	on some elements
How does	with a topic that is	of Imperfect tense	students to	dangers of social	jobs and work. It ties	from Y8/9 but now
it build on	vocabulary driven,	can talk about	consider the	media and	in very conveniently	the students are
prior	rather than	when they were	qualities and	technology	with the idea of work	more mature we can
learning	grammatical,	younger. Future	characteristics	through Focus	experience, as	look at the topics of
and	although	and Conditional	they would look	Days and form	students are now	smoking, alcohol

	knov and learr still t com	rning to ne?	conditional is introduced. Grammar used is familiar, and students embed routines such as using Pearson Active Learn and weekly Vocabulary tests. An explanation of how the course works, topics to be covered and the exams to be undertaken ensures students are aware of expectations and the demands on them.	tense as seen in HT1 are revised and repeated as part of this topic. The imperfect tense will be seen again in the topics of marriage & partnership in Y10, and environment in Y11.	for in a life partner, and frequently splits opinion in the class leading to some healthy discussion around religions, beliefs, attitudes and equality.	time activities. This puts them in a better place to now broach this topic in a foreign language, where they previously may not have had the ideas or thought processes to be able to communicate in depth how they feel about these things.	beginning to think about applying for and organising their placements. In terms of describing how their experience was, this is something we can re- visit when appropriate. In Y11, the idea of work is re-visited when we look at social issues, including unemployment.	and drugs – describing reasons why people may or may not choose to engage with these substances. Again, this topic can be followed up in social issues in Y11, but also provides students with some wider education emphasising messages delivered in Focus Day sessions and in form time around staying safe and making good choices.
Ye 1	and link		Global issues – the environment	Social issues – voluntary/charity work	PPEs and revision			
	Pupi shou knov (Cor Knov & Cond to be	uld w re owledge ncepts	A range of vocabulary to describe environmental problems A range of geographical vocabulary including sea, air, land, rivers, trees, forests, etc.	A range of workplaces and types of voluntary work Vocabulary relating to the pros and cons of volunteering	Their strengths and areas of weakness based on the PPEs How to address the above A range of effective revision techniques specific to language			

	A range of ways that people can harm the environment How to form if sentences with consequences e.g. If we use cars every day, carbon emissions will rise. A range of modal verb phrases useful for discussing our responsibilities with regards to the environment such as must do/can do/should do/could do		learning and cross- curricular Exam strategies for each of the four skills		
Pupils should be able to do (Skills being developed)	Ask about and describe the environmental issues relevant to today's world. Say what is affected by environmental issues. Say some actions that people do to harm the environment Use the future tense to state the	Ask and say what the advantages and disadvantages of voluntary work are. Ask and say what voluntary work you have done in the past. Describe a past work placement. Ask and say what voluntary work you would like to do in the future and why.	Plan exam answers in written and spoken tasks Describe photos in detail (speaking) and factually (writing) Annotate a listening paper usefully in five minutes Spot distractors in listening and reading assessments		

	consequences of the above actions Ask and say what our responsibilities are regarding protecting the environment		Understand all relevant question words (what, who, which etc.) confidently Identify which tense is required in a speaking or writing answer Verbally answer questions for 2-3 minutes using a range of tenses on all three/five themes in the specification Ask a question about their chosen theme		
Why are we doing this now? How does it build on prior learning and prepare for knowledge and learning still to come?	Environment is a notoriously tricky topic area to teach, due to the technical nature of the vocabulary and the ideas we are discussing. Stduents at this stage have covered the vast majority of grammar they would need to be able to work with such vocabulary here, and are consequently able	Voluntary and charity work are things many of our students will have had some experience of, being at LHS. They have a wider awareness of the world and can make links between society and opportunities. This is also a good time to revisit their work experience to describe it in the past.	From this point we aim to have covered the curriculum and have time to undertake PPE exams, (mocks) and provide meaningful feedback, before commencing exam revision techniques, and meaningful preparation strategies.		

to express themselves better. Post 16 studies are often even more topical than GCSE and so Environment and Social Issues in Y11 makes sure these things are at the front of students minds if they do move on to further study in MFL.	Post 16 studies are often even more topical than GCSE and so Environment and Social Issues in Y11 makes sure these things are at the front of students minds if they do move on to further study in MFL.	We also have time to allow the re-teaching of any topics that students are less comfortable with or need some intervention with.		
In Year 11, we try to offer speaking intervention sessions to as many students as possible, tailored to their needs with our FLAs. This builds their confidence ahead of the PPEs, and then in readiness for the summer exams.				