Levenshulme High School - Curriculum Map - Music

NC Links: To take students on a journey through history and around the world through music, and to explore the value and purpose of music in a variety of genres and contexts. The curriculum leads students to delve deeply into the inter-related musical dimensions through holistic activities which build skills in composing, performance and appraising, whilst opening their eyes to music in the world of work through the music industry. This curriculum aims to encourage students to be passionate and find a love for any kind of music, and crucially increasing their "self-confidence, creativity and sense of achievement", as well essential life skills, including communication, confidence, cooperation, resilience, collaboration, independence, problem solving, and literacy.

	Term	1	Tei	rm 2	Teri	m 3
No. of Weeks	8	7	6	6	5	7
Topic Title	Me and My Self	Me and My City	Me and My School	Me and My World	Me and My Country	Me and My Future
	Global Classical Music: Involves the exploration of classical music from around the world and its characteristics.	Ukulele Skills: Introducing Ukulele skills through a range of Manchester Bands and Artists.	Guitar Skills 1: Introduction to the Guitar with the opportunity to perform in one of the school Ensembles	Rhythmic Awareness: Students will explore rhythms from West Africa and Brazil and compose their own percussion performance.	Hooks, Riffs and Chords: Pupils will be introduced to music technology and how to compose. Initially by recreating popular British hits.	Video Game Music: Pupils will use samples and keyboard skills to recreate and compose their own tracks to a brief.
Pupils should know (Core knowled and concept to be learned,	Improvisation Pentatonic Scale	A variety of music from Manchester What a chord is How to correctly hold a ukulele The parts of the ukulele Ensemble skills Reading Tablature Reading Chord Boxes	The parts of the Guitar Holding the Guitar Reading Tablature Reading Chord Boxes Understan d rhythm notation	The names of percussion instruments How to read basic rhythmic notation How to compose using rhythm grids How to perform in a group	How to perform chords, melodies and hooks. How to use a DAW Recording using a DAW. What quantizatio n means How to use a drum loop	How to use samples How to use audio How to record MIDI How to perform a Melody

	Pupils should be able to do (Skills being developed)	 Perform right hand melodies Listen to and identify instruments Improvise using 5 note scales Accompany themselves or another student with chords Perform as class and in small ensemble Use chord boxes to identify chord handlester Artists 	independently on Guitar skills Recognise common errors Use tab to Syncopated rhythms Analyse different styles of music and their	Record into a DAW sampled Correct their work through editing visual Layer cues. instruments in a DAW popular Compose simple chord patterns and riffs should riffs Record into a DAW sampled audio with visual cues. Perform popular video game soundtrac ks on the keyboard Record and edit MIDI
	Why are we doing this now? How does it build on prior learning and prepare for knowledge and learning still to come?	 Helps to assess current musical knowledge of the cohort Develops basic keyboard skills Introduces a range of musical keywords Introduces a large of musical keywords Introduces a large of musical keywords Introduction to notation and performing in time Develops dexterity Introduces rhythm Gives pupils the opportunity to perform as an ensemble 	 Introduction to notation and performing in time Develops dexterity Introduces rhythm Gives pupils the opportunity to perform as an ensemble Creates a pathway into extra curricular Expands rhythm knowledge Allows pupils to engage with music and instruments from around the world Introduces composition Encourages group work 	Builds upon keyboard skills Introduces music technology Develops composition skills Skills Provides relevant use for music tech decomposition skills Compose to a brief (GCSE) Introduces the use of sampling Further builds on keyboard skills
Year 8	Topic Title and NC link	Reggae and The Blues Explore the origins of the Blues and Reggae NC Link: Develop a deepening understanding the music that they perform and to which they listen, and its history.	Guitar Skills 2 Builds upon the Year 7 Curriculum with more advanced songs and chords. NC Link: Play and perform confidently in a range of solo and ensemble contexts using their voice, playing instruments musically, fluently and with accuracy and expression	Composing Students will use drum loops and compose chord sequences, bass lines,

Pupils should know (Core knowledge and concepts to learned)	 Major and Minor Chord patterns (I,IV,V) The origins of Blues Other musical genres influenced by the blues 12 bar blues structure Improvisation Changing keys 	 How to read more complex tablature How to read a wide range of chord boxes How to learn songs independently Perform in ensembles Switch between chords and notes Perform more complex rhythms 	 Use music technology to record, arrange and edit their own music How chord sequences are put together How to create a melody How to create a bass line How to make their music sound in time.
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	Pupils should be able to do (Skills being developed)	 Walking Bass Line Off-beat rhythms Syncopation Play the 12-bar blues in any key Play the walking bass line Improvise a melody with confidence Put the above 3 skills together as an ensemble Critically comment on Blues music and it's origins. Read music from notation Perform an offbeat rhythm with a bass line 	 Recognise tablature and chord diagrams Use chord booklets to learn their own songs Identify rhythms and strumming patterns Start to form bar chords Perform for up to 2 minutes in an ensemble 	 Record chords, melodies, bass lines into Bandlab Use virtual instruments appropriately Use drum loops Use quantization Be able to edit MIDI
	Why are we doing this now? How does it build on prior learning and prepare for knowledge and learning still to come?	Builds on prior learning of year 8 by exploring melody and harmony. Build confidence again after summer break Introduces tonality. Introduces more complex rhythm terminology such as offbeat and syncopation Builds on keyboard skills in year 7	Builds upon prior knowledge in Year 7 Provides some consistency on an instrument Increases engagement with extra-curricular Develops musicality in ensemble settings Allows pupils to learn independently and have choice over songs that they perform	 Expands on students' knowledge of music technology by introducing new recording and editing techniques Students develop their understanding of melody and themes and how they can be developed to prepare for song writing in year 9 Teaches pupils that even if you are not musical you can create effective tracks using technology to help
Year 9	Topic Title and NC link	Film Music Listen to and appraise a variety of film music. Students will use keyboards and/or technology to recreate film scores and understand compositional techniques used to create emotional responses. NC Link: Listen with increasing discrimination to a wide range of music from great composers and musicians	NC Link: Identify and use the inter-related	An opportunity to use all KS3 musical knowledge to create an ensemble performance of any piece of music. In at the deep end, students will be encouraged to work independently using their aural and note reading skills. NC Link: Play and perform confidently in a range of solo and ensemble contexts using their voice, playing instruments musically, fluently and with accuracy and expression
	Pupils should know (Core knowledge and concepts	 What a leitmotif is The difference between diegetic and non-diegetic music Why music is used in film How tonality affects mood How to identify flats and sharps Key composers such as Zimmer, Williams 	Different types of structures used in pop music culture How to create successful chord patterns Riffs vs Loops vs Ostinato's Basslines How to compose meaningful lyrics Putting all of these skills together to create a	How to read different types of notation How to perform as an ensemble/soloist How to learn, play and maintain a part whilst others play something different How to adapt, refine and "polish" a performance using expression and dynamics.

Pupils should be able to do (Skills being developed)	 Perform a piece of film music on the keyboards or recorded into a DAW Identify how musical techniques affect mood Perform more complex melodies on the keyboard Perform more complex chords on the keyboard 	 Compose a "pop style" song with lyrics, riff, clear structure and tonality. Compose a song with a purpose. High performing students will also have the chance to perform their song live 	 Perform their part of a piece of music with an ensemble Make changes and adapt their cover of the song as needed in rehearsals Perform in front of others
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	Why are we doing this now? How does it build on prior learning and prepare for knowledge and learning still to come?	 Expand on keyboard technique and ability to recreate rhythm Links with GCSE music and provides key terminology from the GCSE Gives pupils the chance to appraise music on a deeper level 	 Provides students with knowledge on the key components of popular music composition Lays the groundwork for GCSE composition tasks Allows the pupils to respond to a brief. The topic summarises all the skills learned so far and combines composition, appraising and performance together. Gives pupils a glimpse of the GCSE content. 	 This is a good opportunity for students to fully explore their ks3 subject knowledge by performing music of their choice as an ensemble. Pupils have the choice to perform their composition from previous unit Continues to build confidence and resilience for students, even if they don't pursue music at KS4.
Year 10	Topic Title and GCSE link	Component 1: Intro to performing at GCSE Component 2: Intro to composing at GCSE Component 3: Traditional music theory	Component 1: Developing performance Component 2: Composing to a brief Component 3: MAD T SHIRT & Theory	Component 1: Developing performance Component 2: Free composition *REAL* Component 3: AOS1 & AOS2& Theory
Todi 10	Pupils should know (Core knowledge and concepts to learned)	Component 1 How to prepare a solo based on the marking criteria for GCSE How to prepare an ensemble with suitable parts for each student Component 2 How to use notation software To compose using scales and intervals Component 3 Read treble and bass clef Read rhythms and rests Understand major and minor scales Understand intervals Recognise Cadences	Component 1 Choosing the right music for solo Choosing the right music for ensemble Component 2 How to compose for a specific purpose Component 3 Know key language for each element in MAD T SHIRT Identify MAD T SHIRT features in different genres of music	Component 1
	Pupils should be able to do (Skills being developed)	Perform a solo Use notation software to create a scalic piece Read music effectively Understand major scales and intervals	Perform a solo Compose to a brief MADTSH Practice typical exam style questions Reform an ensemble Complete composition IRT Continue to practice typical exam style questions	Perform a solo Begin free composition Explore musical structures Explore the history of music (western classical tradition) Study Bach's Badinerie set work Perform an ensemble composition Explore music for ensemble including jazz, chamber music and musicals. Exam technique for AOS 1 & 2.

come?			and styles with a rich understanding of where music has come from. Bach's Badinerie fits within the Baroque era and will help to set a foundation for exploring the history of music. Interval and dictation activities take practice so this will be developed throughout the
			of where music has come from. Bach's Badinerie fits within the Baroque era and will help to set a foundation for exploring the history of harmony will lead into film music next term effectively. Interval and dictation activities take practice so this will be developed
this now? How does it build on prior learning and prepare for knowledge and learning still to come?	 New musical group – get to know each outer Cover a foundation of music theory knowledge not required at KS3 Interval and dictation activities take practice so this will be developed throughout the course. 	performance skills and practice choosing suitable repertoire Continue to incrementally develop compositional skills in preparation for beginning coursework. Be familiar with all key language to allow analysis to be more meaningful when we explore specific genres. Interval and dictation activities take practice so this will be developed throughout the course.	a rich jazz and understanding extended

concepts to learned)	Component 3	 Reteach any gaps in knowledge discovered through assessment. Revise the set works Pitch dictation techniques 	
Pupils should be able to do (Skills being developed)	Perform working progress of solo and ensemble Begin brief composition Explore music for film Explore pop music Analyse set work "Africa" Answer exam style questions on all set works Record mock recital Complete brief composition Explore musical fusions Analyse set work "Africa"	 Record final performances Work on polish/completion of compositions Have a thorough understanding of the set works and AOS Develop confidence at pitch dictation activities and interval / cadence recognition Work on polish/completion of compositions Have a thorough understanding of the set works and AOS Be confident at pitch dictation activities and interval / cadence recognition 	
Why are we doing this now? How does it build on prior learning and prepare for knowledge and learning still to come?	 Students will expand on their knowledge of the history of music and jazz/small ensembles by linking it to film music. Composition brief is released 1/9/2021 Interval and dictation activities take practice so this will be developed throughout the course. Students will expand is linked to pop music and how the other AOS link with pop music. Africa is the pop set work All AOS will have been covered, so good opportunity to prepare analysis technique Interval and dictation activities take practice so this will be developed throughout the course. 	 Completion of coursework ahead of the May deadline. Component 3 learning will be tailored to suit the needs of the students at this point based on previous summative assessments completed in class. Interval and dictation activities take practice so this will be developed throughout the course. Completion of coursework ahead of the May deadline. Component 3 learning will be tailored to suit the needs of the students at this point based on previous summative assessments completed in class. Interval and dictation activities take practice so this will be developed throughout the course. 	